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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/803,684	03/18/2004	Janne La. Aaltonen	042933/273790	6181
826 7596 12/27/2007 ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000			EXAMINER	
			SHIU, HO T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			4152	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/27/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/803.684 AALTONEN ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit HO SHIU 4152 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 March 2004. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-101 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-101 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 18 March 2004 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 18 MArch 2004, 10 August 2005.

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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### DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-101 are pending in this application.

#### Claim Objections

2. Claims 15, 53, and 72 are objected to because of the following informalities.

Claims 15, 53, and 72 recites "thereafer". For examination purposes, the claim will be

interpreted as "thereafter". Appropriate correction is required.

3. Claim 37 is objected to because of the following informalities. Claim 37 recites

"nework" and "thereafer". For examination purposes, the claim will be interpreted as

"network" and "thereafter". Appropriate correction is required.

4. Claims 61 and 63 are objected to because of the following informalities. Claims

61 and 63 recites "receiving the state information comprises receiving state information

comprising". It seems that it is a repeating statement which should not be there. For

examination purposes, the claim will be interpreted as "receiving the state information

comprising". Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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6. Claims 20, 22, 42, 44, 77, 79, 99 and 101 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112,

second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly

claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

7. Regarding claims 20, 22, 42, 44, 77, 79, 99 and 101, the phrase "bit range" as

related to the remaining portion of the content does not define the remaining portion of

the content and renders the claim indefinite. For examination purposes, bit range of the

remaining portion of the content is interpreted as content which contains bits.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- Claims 1-8, 12, 13, 23-30, 34, 35, 45-48, 51, 52, 58-65, 69, 70, 80-87, 91, and
  are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDonnell et al.
  (US Patent 7,257,386 B1, hereinafter McDonnell) in view of Brown et al. (US PUB 2002/0194205 A1, hereinafter Brown).
- With respect to claim 1, McDonnell discloses a system for uploading content comprising: a sender capable of sending an upload request, wherein the upload request

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comprises a request to upload content from the sender to a recipient (column 6, lines 18-32); and a network entity capable of receiving the upload request (column 7, lines 11-14) but does not disclose determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule ([0028], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to efficiently upload content due to bandwidth, time, file size, and various criteria.

11. With respect to claim 2, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 1 above. McDonnell does not disclose the sender is further capable of deleting the content from memory of the sender after uploading the content to the recipient.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses the sender is further capable of deleting the content from memory of the sender after uploading the content to the recipient ([0094], lines 2-5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of

Brown in order to have full authority/control over content that was meant to be accessed for a short period amount of time, for saving storage purposes, or other general purposes.

- 12. With respect to claim 3, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. McDonnell discloses instruction based upon state information regarding at least one of the recipient and the sender, and wherein the sender is further capable of receiving the state information before uploading the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 45-50).
- 13. With respect to claim 4, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 3 above. McDonnell discloses the sender is capable of receiving state information comprising at least one of a connectivity, location, actual movement and predicted movement of at least one of the recipient and the sender (column 7, lines 45-50, column 8, lines 40-42).
- 14. With respect to claim 5, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. McDonnell discloses which the content is uploaded, and wherein the sender is further capable of receiving the state information before uploading the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50).

- 15. With respect to claim 6, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 5 above. McDonnell discloses the sender is capable of receiving state information comprising at least one of traffic on the at least one network and bandwidth available to at least one of the recipient and the sender on the at least one network (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50, column 6, lines 33-40).
- 16. With respect to claim 7, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. In addition, Brown discloses one instruction defining processing the content, and wherein the sender is further capable of processing the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the processed content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 17. With respect to claim 8, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 7 above. In addition, Brown discloses the sender is capable of at least one of transcoding and truncating at least a portion of the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the at least one of the transcoded and truncated portion of the content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 18. With respect to claim 12, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon the content and at

least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the content and the at least one network (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).

- 19. With respect to claim 13, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon at least one upload time of the content determined based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one upload time (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).
- 20. With respect to claim 23, McDonnell discloses a terminal for uploading content comprising: a controller capable of sending an upload request to a network entity, the upload request comprising a request to upload content from the terminal to a recipient (column 6, lines 18-32), wherein the controller is capable of sending the upload request (column 7, lines 11-14) but does not disclose the network entity is capable of determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses the network entity is capable of determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule ([0028], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to efficiently upload content due to bandwidth, time, file size, and various criteria.

21. With respect to claim 24, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 23 above. McDonnell does not disclose a memory capable of storing the content, wherein the controller is capable of deleting the content from the memory after uploading the content to the recipient.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses a memory capable of storing the content, wherein the controller is capable of deleting the content from the memory after uploading the content to the recipient ([0094], lines 2-5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to have full authority/control over content that was meant to be accessed for a short period amount of time, for saving storage purposes, or other general purposes.

22. With respect to claim 25, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one of the recipient and the terminal, and wherein the controller is capable of receiving the state information before uploading the content such that the

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controller is capable of uploading the content based upon the state information (column 7. lines 45-50).

- 23. With respect to claim 26, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 25 above. McDonnell discloses a controller is capable of receiving state information comprising at least one of a connectivity, location, actual movement and predicted movement of at least one of the recipient and the terminal (column 7, lines 45-50, column 8, lines 40-42).
- 24. With respect to claim 27, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the controller is capable of receiving the state information before uploading the content such that the controller is capable of uploading the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50).
- 25. With respect to claim 28, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 27 above. McDonnell discloses a controller is capable of receiving state information comprising at least one of traffic on the at least one network and bandwidth available to at least one of the recipient and the terminal on the at least one network (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50, column 6, lines 33-40).

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- 26. With respect to claim 29, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. In addition, Brown discloses at least one instruction defining processing the content, and wherein the controller is capable of processing the content such that the controller is capable of uploading the content comprises uploading the processed content (10099), lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 27. With respect to claim 30, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 29 above. In addition, Brown discloses a controller is capable of at least one of transcoding and truncating at least a portion of the content such that the controller is capable of uploading the at least one of the transcoded and truncated portion of the content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 28. With respect to claim 34, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the content based upon the content and the at least one network (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).
- 29. With respect to claim 35, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon at least one upload time of the content determined based upon the content and at least one network over

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which the content is uploaded, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one upload time (column 6. lines 33-40. lines 55-58).

30. With respect to claim 45, McDonnell discloses a network entity comprising: a processor capable of operating an upload agent, the upload agent being capable of receiving a request to upload content from a sender (column 6, lines 18-32) but does not disclose determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content, wherein the upload agent is capable of determining the upload schedule such that the sender is thereafter capable of uploading the content in accordance with the upload schedule.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content, wherein the upload agent is capable of determining the upload schedule such that the sender is thereafter capable of uploading the content in accordance with the upload schedule ([0028], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to efficiently upload content due to bandwidth, time, file size, and various criteria.

31. With respect to claim 46, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 45 above. McDonnell discloses the upload agent is capable of determining an upload

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schedule including at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one of the recipient and the sender such that the sender is capable of receiving the state information before uploading the content to thereby upload the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 45-50).

- 32. With respect to claim 47, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 45 above. McDonnell discloses the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one network over which the content is uploaded such that the sender is capable of receiving the state information before uploading the content to thereby upload the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50).
- 33. With respect to claim 48, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 45 above. In addition, Brown discloses the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction defining processing the content such that the sender is capable of processing the content and uploading the processed content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 34. With respect to claim 51, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 45 above. McDonnell discloses the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded such that the sender is capable of

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uploading the content based upon the content and the at least one network (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).

- 35. With respect to 52, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 45 above. McDonnell discloses the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction based upon at least one upload time of the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one upload time, the at least one upload time of the content being determined based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).
- 36. With respect to claim 58, McDonnell discloses a method of uploading content comprising: receiving an upload request from a sender, wherein the upload request comprises a request to upload content from the sender to a recipient (column 6, lines 18-32) but does not disclose determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content; and uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content; and uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule ([0028], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of

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Brown in order to efficiently upload content due to bandwidth, time, file size, and various criteria.

37. With respect to claim 59, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 58 above. McDonnell does not disclose deleting the content from memory of the sender after uploading the content to the recipient.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses deleting the content from memory of the sender after uploading the content to the recipient ([0094], lines 2-5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to have full authority/control over content that was meant to be accessed for a short period amount of time, for saving storage purposes, or other general purposes.

38. With respect to claim 60, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 58 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one of the recipient and the sender, and wherein the method further comprises: receiving the state information before uploading the content, wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 45-50).

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39. With respect to claim 61, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 58 and 60 above. McDonnell discloses receiving the receiving state information comprising at least one of a connectivity, location, actual movement and predicted movement of at least one of the recipient and the sender (column 7, lines 45-50, column 8, lines 40-42).

- 40. With respect to claim 62, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 58 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the method further comprises: receiving the state information before uploading the content, wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50).
- 41. With respect to claim 63, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 58 and 62 above. McDonnell discloses receiving state information comprising at least one of traffic on the at least one network and bandwidth available to at least one of the recipient and the sender on the at least one network (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50, column 6, lines 33-40.
- 42. With respect to claim 64, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 58 above. In addition, Brown discloses at least one instruction defining processing the content, and wherein the method further comprises; processing the content, and

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wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the processed content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).

- 43. With respect to claim 65, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 58 and 64 above. In addition, Brown discloses at least one of transcoding and truncating at least a portion of the content, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the at least one of the transcoded and truncated portion of the content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 44. With respect to claim 69, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 58 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the content based upon the content and the at least one network (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).
- 45. With respect to claim 70, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 58 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon at least one upload time of the content determined based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the content based upon the at least one upload time (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).

46. With respect to claim 80, McDonnell discloses a computer program product for uploading content, the computer program product comprising at least one computer-readable storage medium having computer-readable program code portions stored therein, the computer-readable program code portions comprising: a first executable portion for receiving an upload request from a sender, wherein the upload request comprises a request to upload content from the sender to a recipient (column 6, lines 18-32) but does not disclose a second executable portion for determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content; and a third executable portion for uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule.

In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses a second executable portion for determining an upload schedule relating to at least one of the time and manner of uploading the content; and a third executable portion for uploading the content to the recipient in accordance with the upload schedule (100281, lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to efficiently upload content due to bandwidth, time, file size, and various criteria.

47. With respect to claim 81, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. McDonnell does not disclose a fourth executable portion for deleting the content from memory of the sender after uploading the content to the recipient.

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In the same field of endeavor, Brown discloses a fourth executable portion for deleting the content from memory of the sender after uploading the content to the recipient ([0094], lines 2-5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of McDonnell with the teachings of Brown in order to have full authority/control over content that was meant to be accessed for a short period amount of time, for saving storage purposes, or other general purposes.

- 48. With respect to claim 82, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one of the recipient and the sender, and wherein the computer program product further comprises: a fourth executable portion for receiving the state information before uploading the content, wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 45-50).
- 49. With respect to claim 83, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 82 above. McDonnell discloses the fourth executable portion is adapted to receive state information comprising at least one of a connectivity, location, actual movement and predicted movement of at least one of the recipient and the sender (column 7, lines 45-50, column 8, lines 40-42).

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50. With respect to claim 84, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon state information regarding at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the computer program product further comprises: a fourth executable portion for receiving the state information before uploading the content, wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the content based upon the state information (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50).

- 51. With respect to claim 85, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 84 above. McDonnell discloses the fourth executable portion is adapted to receive state information comprising at least one of traffic on the at least one network and bandwidth available to at least one of the recipient and the sender on the at least one network (column 7, lines 39-41, lines 45-50, column 6, lines 33-40).
- 52. With respect to claim 86, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. In addition, Brown discloses at least one instruction defining processing the content, and wherein the computer program product further comprises: a fourth executable portion for processing the content, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the processed content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).
- 53. With respect to claim 87, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 86 above. In addition, Brown discloses at least one of transcode and truncate at

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least a portion of the content, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the at least one of the transcoded and truncated portion of the content ([0099], lines 1-5, [0100], lines 4-7).

- 54. With respect to claim 91, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the content based upon the content and the at least one network (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).
- 55. With respect to claim 92, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. McDonnell discloses at least one instruction based upon at least one upload time of the content determined based upon the content and at least one network over which the content is uploaded, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the content based upon the at least one upload time (column 6, lines 33-40, lines 55-58).
- 56. Claims 9, 11, 15-20, 31, 33, 37-42, 50, 53-57, 66, 68, 72-77, 88, 90, and 94-99 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDonnell in view of Brown as applied to claims 1, 7, 8, 23, 29, 45, 58, 64, 80, and 86 and in further view of Kohno (US Pub 2003/0120802 A1, hereinafter Kohno).

57. With respect to claim 9, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 7 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the sender is capable of breaking up the upload content into a plurality of portions such that the sender is capable of uploading the portions of the upload content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the sender is capable of breaking up the upload content into a plurality of portions such that the sender is capable of uploading the portions of the upload content ((0068), lines 1-12).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time.

58. With respect to claim 11, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content includes a plurality of pieces, wherein the upload schedule includes at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content includes a plurality of pieces, wherein the upload schedule includes at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content, and wherein the sender

is capable of uploading at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content ([0114], lines 4-8, [0115], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the transferring of data to be in sync with one another so that streaming of video, audio, or files of the same nature can be provided to the designated location without having to complexly re-configure the assortment of data received.

59. With respect to claim 15, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the sender is capable of sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content, wherein at least one of the sender and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the network entity is capable of recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the sender is capable of sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content ([0069], lines 5-14), wherein at least one of the sender and the network entity is capable of determining

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if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content ([0074], lines 1-3), and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the network entity is capable of recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

- 60. With respect to claim 16, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 15 above. Kohno discloses the network entity is capable of recovering the content by determining at least one remaining data packet to be uploaded to the recipient to thereby complete uploading of the plurality of data packets of the content, and thereafter instructing the sender to send the at least one remaining data packet such that the recipient receives the at least one remaining data packet ([0074], lines 1-15).
- 61. With respect to claim 17, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading

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the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet ([0069], lines 1-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

62. With respect to claim 18, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 17 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the network entity is capable of monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the network entity is capable of recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

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However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the network entity is capable of monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the network entity is capable of recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets (100741, lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time and also provide information as to what part of the file has been sent to the designated system/device.

63. With respect to claim 19, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose at least one of the sender and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, the sender is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content such that the sender is capable of thereafter uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content.

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However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses at least one of the sender and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, the sender is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content such that the sender is capable of thereafter uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

- 64. With respect to claim 20, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 1 and 19 above. Kohno discloses the sender is capable of uploading a remaining portion of the content based upon a bit range of the remaining portion of the content ([0074], lines 1-15, [0069], lines 5-8).
- 65. With respect to claim 31, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 29 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the

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controller is capable of breaking up the upload content into a plurality of portions such that the controller is capable of uploading the portions of the upload content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the controller is capable of breaking up the upload content into a plurality of portions such that the controller is capable of uploading the portions of the upload content ([0068], lines 1-12).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time.

66. With respect to claim 33, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the sender is further capable of receiving a trigger to send an upload request before sending the upload request, and wherein the sender is capable of sending the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the sender is further capable of receiving a trigger to send an upload request before sending the upload request, and wherein the sender is capable of sending the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender ([0114], lines 4-8, [0115], lines 1-7).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the transferring of data to be in sync with one another so that streaming of video, audio, or files of the same nature can be provided to the designated location without having to complexly re-configure the assortment of data received.

67. With respect to claim 37, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, wherein the controller is capable of sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content such that at least one of the controller and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, such that the network entity is capable of recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets ([0068], lines 1-12), wherein the controller is capable of sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content ([0069], lines 5-14) such that at least one of the controller and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient

receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content ([0074], lines 1-3), and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, such that the network entity is capable of recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

68. With respect to claim 38, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 37 above. Kohno discloses the controller is capable of sending the upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content such that, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the network entity is capable of recovering the content by determining at least one remaining data packet to be uploaded to the recipient to thereby complete uploading of the plurality of data packets of the content, and thereafter instructing the terminal to send the at least one remaining data packet such that the controller is capable of uploading the at least one remaining data packet such that the recipient receives all of the content ([0074], lines 1-15).

69. With respect to claim 39, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet ([0069], lines 1-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

70. With respect to claim 40, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 39 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the controller is capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and the at least one information packet such that the network entity is capable of monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less

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than the plurality of data packets of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, such that the network entity is capable of recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the controller is capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and the at least one information packet such that the network entity is capable of monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, such that the network entity is capable of recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time and also provide information as to what part of the file has been sent to the designated system/device.

71. With respect to claim 41, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 23 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the controller is capable of uploading the content such that at least one of the controller and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such

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that the recipient only receives a portion of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, the controller is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content, and thereafter uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the controller is capable of uploading the content such that at least one of the controller and the network entity is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, the controller is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content, and thereafter uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

72. With respect to claim 42, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 23 and 41 above. Kohno discloses the controller is capable of uploading a remaining

portion of the content based upon a bit range of the remaining portion of the content (10074], lines 1-15, 10069j, lines 5-8).

73. With respect to claim 50, the claim is rejected as the same reasons claim 45 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content includes a plurality of pieces, and wherein the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content such that the sender is capable of uploading at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content includes a plurality of pieces, and wherein the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content such that the sender is capable of uploading at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content ([0114], lines 4-8, [0115], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the transferring of data to be in sync with one another so that streaming of video, audio, or files of the same nature can be provided to the designated location without having to complexly re-configure the assortment of data received.

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74. With respect to claim 53, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 45 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, wherein the upload agent is capable of determining the upload schedule such that the sender is thereafter capable of sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the plurality of data packets, wherein the upload agent is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that a recipient of the content receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the upload agent is capable of recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets ([0068], lines 1-12), wherein the upload agent is capable of determining the upload schedule such that the sender is thereafter capable of sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the plurality of data packets ([0069], lines 5-14), wherein the upload agent is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that a recipient of the content receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content ([0074], lines 1-3), and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the upload agent is capable of recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with

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the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

- 75. With respect to claim 54, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 45 and 53 above. Kohno discloses the upload agent is capable of recovering the content by determining at least one remaining data packet to be uploaded to the recipient to thereby complete uploading of the plurality of data packets of the content, and thereafter instructing the sender to send the at least one remaining data packet such that the recipient receives the at least one remaining data packet ([0074], lines 1-15).
- 76. With respect to claim 55, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 45 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the upload agent is capable of determining the upload schedule such that the sender is thereafter capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the upload agent is capable of determining the upload schedule such that the sender is thereafter capable of uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least

one data packet ([0069], lines 1-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

77. With respect to claim 56, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 45 and 55 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload agent is capable of monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that a recipient of the content recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the upload agent is capable of recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the upload agent is capable of monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that a recipient of the content recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, the upload agent is capable of recovering the content such that the

recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time and also provide information as to what part of the file has been sent to the designated system/device.

78. With respect to claim 57, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 45 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload agent is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that a recipient of the content only receives a portion of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, the upload agent is capable of sending the sender a length of the received portion of the content such that the sender is capable of thereafter uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the upload agent is capable of determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that a recipient of the content only receives a portion of the content, and wherein, if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, the upload agent is capable of sending the sender a length of the received portion of the content such that the sender is capable of thereafter uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content

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such that the recipient receives all of the content ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

79. With respect to claim 66, the claim is rejected as the same reasons claims 58 and 64 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises breaking up the upload content into a plurality of portions, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the portions of the upload content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises breaking up the upload content into a plurality of portions, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the portions of the upload content ([0068], lines 1-12).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time.

80. With respect to claim 68, the claim is rejected as the same reasons claim 58 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content includes a plurality of pieces, wherein the upload schedule includes at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content includes a plurality of pieces, wherein the upload schedule includes at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content ([0114], lines 4-8, [0115], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the transferring of data to be in sync with one another so that streaming of video, audio, or files of the same nature can be provided to the designated location without having to complexly re-configure the assortment of data received.

81. With respect to claim 72, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 58 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content, and the method further comprises: determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality.

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of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content; and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises sending an upload descriptor and thereafter uploading the content ([0069], lines 5-14), and the method further comprises: determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content ([0074], lines 1-3); and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

82. With respect to claim 73, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 58 and 72 above. Kohno discloses recovering the content comprises: determining at least one remaining data packet to be received at the recipient to thereby complete uploading of the plurality of data packets of the content; instructing the sender to send the at least

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one remaining data packet; and uploading the at least one remaining data packet such that the recipient receives all of the content (f0074), lines 1-15).

83. With respect to claim 74, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 58 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet ([0069], lines 1-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

84. With respect to claim 75, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 58 and 74 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if

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an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content; and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content; and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time and also provide information as to what part of the file has been sent to the designated system/device.

85. With respect to claim 76, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 58 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content; and if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, receiving a length of the received portion of the content to the sender; and uploading a remaining

portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content; and if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, receiving a length of the received portion of the content to the sender; and uploading a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

86. With respect to claim 77, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 58 and 76 above. Kohno discloses uploading a remaining portion of the content comprises uploading a remaining portion of the content based upon a bit range of the remaining portion of the content ([0074], lines 1-15, [0069], lines 5-8).

87. With respect to claim 88, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 86 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the fourth executable portion is adapted to break up the upload content into a plurality of portions, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the portions of the upload content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the fourth executable portion is adapted to break up the upload content into a plurality of portions, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the portions of the upload content ([0068], lines 1-12).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time.

88. With respect to claim 90, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not the content includes a plurality of pieces, wherein the upload schedule includes at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content includes a plurality of pieces, wherein the upload schedule includes at least one instruction comprising an ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload at least a portion of the content based upon the ordering of the plurality of pieces of the content. ([0114], lines 4-8, [0115], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the transferring of data to be in sync with one another so that streaming of video, audio, or files of the same nature can be provided to the designated location without having to complexly re-configure the assortment of data received.

89. With respect to claim 94, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, wherein the third executable portion is adapted to send an upload descriptor and thereafter upload the content, and wherein the computer program product further comprises: a fourth executable portion for determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, for recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

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However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets ([0068], lines 1-12), wherein the third executable portion is adapted to send an upload descriptor and thereafter upload the content ([0069], lines 5-14), and wherein the computer program product further comprises: a fourth executable portion for determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content ([0074], lines 1-3) and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, for recovering the content based upon the upload descriptor such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

90. With respect to claim 95, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 94 above. Kohno discloses fourth executable portion is adapted to determine at least one remaining data packet to be received at the recipient to thereby complete uploading of the plurality of data packets of the content, and instruct the sender to send the at least one remaining data packet, and wherein the third executable portion is

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adapted to upload the at least one remaining data packet such that the recipient receives all of the content (10074), lines 1-15).

91. With respect to claim 96, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses the content comprises a plurality of data packets, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the plurality of data packets and at least one information packet regarding at least one group of at least one data packet ([0069], lines 1-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

92. With respect to claim 97, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 96 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose a fourth executable portion for monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon

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at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, for recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses a fourth executable portion for monitoring the uploaded data packets to determine, based upon at least one information packet, if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets such that the recipient receives less than the plurality of data packets of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the plurality of data packets, for recovering the content such that the recipient receives the plurality of data packets ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for performance on any machine/system/etc. not to suffer since a file is held in memory until the upload is complete which in sense a smaller file will require less memory at a given time and also provide information as to what part of the file has been sent to the designated system/device.

93. With respect to claim 98, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claim 80 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose a fourth executable portion for determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, for receiving a length of the received portion of the content to the sender,

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wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kohno discloses a fourth executable portion for determining if an interruption occurs in uploading the content such that the recipient only receives a portion of the content, and if an interruption occurs in uploading the content, for receiving a length of the received portion of the content to the sender, wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload a remaining portion of the content to thereby recover the content such that the recipient receives all of the content ([0074], lines 1-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kohno in order for the designated recipient to acknowledge that files are missing during transfer due to known/unknown errors/interruptions and so that proper re-transfer of the missing files only will be transmitted again to save time, bandwidth, memory, cost, etc.

94. With respect to claim 99, the claim is rejected as the same reasons as claims 80 and 98 above. Kohno discloses the third executable portion is adapted to upload a remaining portion of the content based upon a bit range of the remaining portion of the content (100741, lines 1-15, 100691, lines 5-8).

- 95. Claims 10, 32, 49, 67, and 89 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDonnell in view of Brown as applied to claims 1, 23, 45, 58, and 80 and in further view of Squibbs et al. (US PUB 2004/0198426 A1, hereinafter Squibbs).
- 96. With respect to claim 10, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Squibbs discloses the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline. ([0061], lines 10-17, [0063], lines 21-24).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Squibbs in order to ensure if a file cannot be transferred, it will not prevent other files from transferring because of constant re-transferring of the same file and also to accommodate non-stationary users transferring files/content while moving from one location to another that incorporate the ability to let users transfer files as needed so that the transfer of file/files will be transferred before the user moves out of the incorporated transfer area.

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97. With respect to claim 32, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 23 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Squibbs discloses the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein the controller is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline. ([0061], lines 10-17, [0063], lines 21-24).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Squibbs in order to ensure if a file cannot be transferred, it will not prevent other files from transferring because of constant re-transferring of the same file and also to accommodate non-stationary users transferring files/content while moving from one location to another that incorporate the ability to let users transfer files as needed so that the transfer of file/files will be transferred before the user moves out of the incorporated transfer area.

98. With respect to claim 49, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 45 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction defining at

least one deadline for uploading the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Squibbs discloses the upload agent is capable of determining an upload schedule including at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content such that the sender is capable of uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline. ([0061], lines 10-17, [0063], lines 21-24).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Squibbs in order to ensure if a file cannot be transferred, it will not prevent other files from transferring because of constant re-transferring of the same file and also to accommodate non-stationary users transferring files/content while moving from one location to another that incorporate the ability to let users transfer files as needed so that the transfer of file/files will be transferred before the user moves out of the incorporated transfer area.

99. With respect to claim 67, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 58 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Squibbs discloses the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein uploading the content comprises uploading the content based upon the at least one deadline. ([0061], lines 10-17, [0063], lines 21-24).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Squibbs in order to ensure if a file cannot be transferred, it will not prevent other files from transferring because of constant re-transferring of the same file and also to accommodate non-stationary users transferring files/content while moving from one location to another that incorporate the ability to let users transfer files as needed so that the transfer of file/files will be transferred before the user moves out of the incorporated transfer area.

100. With respect to claim 89, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 80 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the content based upon the at least one deadline.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Squibbs discloses the upload schedule includes at least one instruction defining at least one deadline for uploading the content, and wherein the third executable portion is adapted to upload the content based upon the at least one deadline. ([0061], lines 10-17, [0063], lines 21-24).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Squibbs in order to ensure if a file cannot be transferred, it will not prevent other files from transferring because of constant re-transferring of the same file and also to accommodate non-stationary users transferring files/content while moving from one location to another that incorporate the ability to let users transfer files as needed so that the transfer of file/files will be transferred before the user moves out of the incorporated transfer area.

- 101. Claims 14, 36, 71, and 93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDonnell in view of Brown as applied to claims 1, 23, 58, and 80 and in further view of Kobayashi et al. (US PUB 2007/0005809 A1, hereinafter Kobayashi).
- 102. With respect to claim 14, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 1 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the sender is further capable of receiving a trigger to send an upload request before sending the upload request, and wherein the sender is capable of sending the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kobayashi discloses the sender is further capable of receiving a trigger to send an upload request before sending the upload request, and wherein the sender is capable of sending the upload request in

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response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender ([0175], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kobayashi in order to incorporate multiple files being transferred at a particular time and so that the client/user that is sending the file knows when is the best allotted time to transfer the file.

103. With respect to claim 36, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 23 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose the controller is further capable of receiving a trigger to send an upload request such that the controller is capable of sending the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the terminal.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kobayashi discloses the controller is further capable of receiving a trigger to send an upload request such that the controller is capable of sending the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the terminal ([0175], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kobayashi in order to incorporate multiple files being transferred at a particular time and so that the client/user that is sending the file knows when is the best allotted time to transfer the file.

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104. With respect to claim 71, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 58 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose sending a trigger to the sender to send an upload request before receiving the upload request, wherein receiving an upload request comprises receiving an upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Kobayashi discloses sending a trigger to the sender to send an upload request before receiving the upload request, wherein receiving an upload request comprises receiving an upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender ([0175], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kobayashi in order to incorporate multiple files being transferred at a particular time and so that the client/user that is sending the file knows when is the best allotted time to transfer the file.

105. With respect to claim 93, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 80 above. The combination of McDonnell and Brown does not disclose fourth executable portion for receiving a trigger to send an upload request before the first executable portion sends the upload request, wherein the first executable portion is adapted to send the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender.

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However, in the same field of endeavor, Kobayashi discloses fourth executable portion for receiving a trigger to send an upload request before the first executable portion sends the upload request, wherein the first executable portion is adapted to send the upload request in response to the trigger independent of interaction from a user of the sender ([0175], lines 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell and Brown with the teachings of Kobayashi in order to incorporate multiple files being transferred at a particular time and so that the client/user that is sending the file knows when is the best allotted time to transfer the file.

- 106. Claims 21, 22, 43, 44, 78, 79, 100, and 101 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McDonnell in view of Brown and in further view of Kohno as applied to claims 1, 19, 23, 41, 58, 76, 80, and 98, and in further view of Anderson (US Pub 2003/2003/0084128 A1, hereinafter Anderson).
- 107. With respect to claim 21, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 1 and 19 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose the sender is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses the sender is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a

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hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique ([0036], lines 9-13, HEAD method is identical to GET method except that the server must not return a message-body in the response).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to retrieve whatever information is identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

108. With respect to claim 22, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 1, 19, and 21 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose the sender is capable of uploading the remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses the sender is capable of uploading the remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content ([0036], lines 9-13, POST request identifies the resource that will handle the enclosed entity and PUT request identifies the entity enclosed with the request and must know

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what uniform resource identifier is intended and not attempt to apply the request to some other resource).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to request that the origin server accept the entity enclosed in the request as a new subordinate of the resource identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

109. With respect to claim 43, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 23 and 41 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose the controller is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses the controller is capable of receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique ([0036], lines 9-13, HEAD method is identical to GET method except that the server must not return a message-body in the response).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to retrieve whatever information is identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

110. With respect to claim 44, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 23, 4,1 and 43 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose the controller is capable of uploading a remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses the controller is capable of uploading a remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content ([0036], lines 9-13, POST request identifies the resource that will handle the enclosed entity and PUT request identifies the entity enclosed with the request and must know what uniform resource identifier is intended and not attempt to apply the request to some other resource).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to request that the origin server accept the entity enclosed in the request as a new subordinate of the resource identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

111. With respect to claim 78, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 58 and 76 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose receiving a length of the received portion of the content comprises receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses receiving a length of the received portion of the content comprises receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique ([0036], lines 9-13, HEAD method is identical to GET method except that the server must not return a message-body in the response).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to retrieve whatever information is identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

112. With respect to claim 79, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 58, 76 and 78 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose uploading a remaining portion of the content comprises uploading a remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content.

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However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses uploading a remaining portion of the content comprises uploading a remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content ([0036], lines 9-13, POST request identifies the resource that will handle the enclosed entity and PUT request identifies the entity enclosed with the request and must know what uniform resource identifier is intended and not attempt to apply the request to some other resource).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to request that the origin server accept the entity enclosed in the request as a new subordinate of the resource identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

113. With respect to claim 100, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 80 and 98 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose the fourth executable portion is adapted to receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses the fourth executable portion is adapted to receiving a length of the received portion of the content in accordance with a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) HEAD technique. ([0036], lines

9-13, HEAD method is identical to GET method except that the server must not return a message-body in the response).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to retrieve whatever information is identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

114. With respect to claim 101, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claims 80, 98 and 100 above. The combination of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno does not disclose the third executable portion is adapted to upload a remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content.

However, in the same field of endeavor, Anderson discloses the third executable portion is adapted to upload a remaining portion of the content in accordance with one of a HTTP POST and a HTTP PUT technique, wherein the one of the HTTP POST and HTTP PUT technique includes uploading the remaining portion of the content including header information comprising a bit range of the remaining portion of the content ([0036], lines 9-13, POST request identifies the resource that will handle the enclosed entity and PUT request identifies the entity enclosed with the request and must know what uniform resource identifier is intended and not attempt to apply the request to

some other resource).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of McDonnell, Brown, and Kohno with the teachings of Anderson in order to request that the origin server accept the entity enclosed in the request as a new subordinate of the resource identified by the request uniform resource identifier.

## Conclusion

115. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ho Ting Shiu whose telephone number is 571-270-3810. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur (7:30am - 6:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nabil El-Hady can be reached on 571-272-3963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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HTS 12/18/2007

/Nabil El-Hady/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 4152